Department of Taxation and Finance



Identifying number as shown on return



Name(s) as shown on return

New York State Resident Credit Against Separate Tax on Lump-Sum Distributions

Tax Law - Section 620-A

to o	w York State full-year or part-year residents, New York State resident estates or trusts, and part-year resident trusts should use this form claim a credit against the New York State separate tax on lump-sum distributions for any income tax imposed by another state, a political odivision of that state, the District of Columbia, or a province of Canada on the ordinary income part of a lump-sum distribution derived m a business, trade, profession, or occupation carried on within that other jurisdiction.
Dis a F	rou elect the capital gain method of reporting the lump-sum distribution on Part 2 of Form IT-230, Separate Tax on Lump-Sum stributions, use Form IT-112-R, New York State Resident Credit, or Form IT-112-C, New York State Resident Credit for Taxes Paid to Province of Canada, to compute the resident credit on the capital gain part.
	Impute the credit for income tax imposed by another state, political subdivision of that state, or the District of Columbia on a front of this form. If you claim credit for income taxes paid to a province of Canada, use the back of this form.
1	Enter the name of the state, local government (including state in which located), or District of Columbia to which tax on the ordinary income part of lump-sum distributions was payable:
2	Enter the amount of tax imposed on the ordinary income part of lump-sum distributions by the above jurisdiction, including the tax on the capital gain part that you elected to treat as ordinary income
	The amount to be entered above is the amount of separate tax on the ordinary income part of lump-sum distributions required to be paid after subtracting any credit against the separate tax (other than prepayments made through withholding or estimated tax).
	If the ordinary income part of a lump-sum distribution is not subject to a separate tax by the above jurisdiction but is included as income under an income tax imposed by the above jurisdiction, determine the amount to be entered above using the following formula:
	Amount from federal Form 4972, line 8 that is subject to tax by the above jurisdiction Total income subject to tax Total tax payable to the above separate tax on the ordinary income part of lump-sum distributions Total tax payable to the above separate tax on the ordinary income part of lump-sum distributions
3	by the above jurisdiction exclusive of prepayments) imposed by the above jurisdiction (enter on line 2)
Ū	(a) Amount from Form IT-230, line 3 that is subject to tax by both New York State and the other taxing jurisdiction \$.00 Amount from Form IT-230, line 3
	(b) The credit allowed may not reduce the New York State separate tax on the ordinary income part of lump-sum distributions to an amount less than would be due if the ordinary income part of a lump-sum distribution, subject to tax by both New York State (Tax Law section 603) and by the above jurisdiction, were excluded from New York State separate tax on lump-sum distributions.
4	Resident credit claimed against New York State separate tax on lump-sum distributions: Enter amount from line 2 or line 3, whichever is less
	Individuals: Enter the line 4 amount on Form IT-201-ATT, line 27, or Form IT-203-ATT, line 26. Fiduciaries: Subtract the line 4 amount from the separate tax on lump-sum distributions computed on Form IT-230, and include the net amount on Form IT-205, line 12.
_	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Submit this form and a copy of federal Form 4972 with Form IT-201, IT-203, or IT-205. Failure to do so will delay any refund to which you may be entitled or, if you owe taxes, could result in late filing penalties.



Fiç	guring your resident cre	edit against s	epara	ite tax on l	ump-sum dis	stributions	paid to a pr	ovince of Ca	anada
5	Enter the name of the provir	nce of Canada w	/here ta	x was paid:					
6	Enter (in U.S. dollars) the ar including the tax on the ca							6	.00
	The amount to be entered is distributions required to be parade through withholding or	oaid after subtra	cting ar					\$	
If the ordinary income part of a lump-sum distribution is not subject to a separate tax by a Canadian probut is included as income under an income tax imposed by the province, determine the amount to be er above using the following formula:									
	Amount from federal Form 4972, line 8 that is subject to tax by the above Canadian province \$		<u>.00</u> x	Total tax payab the above Can province (after	idian any \$	<u>.00</u> =	Amount constituti separate tax on the income part of lur	he ordinary mp-sum	
	Total income subject to tax by the above Canadian province \$.00	credits, exclusi of prepayments			above province o (enter on line 6)		
7	Enter the amount from feder distributions paid to the ab			-	-		•	7	.00
8	Portion of the Canadian pro- federal purposes (subtract							8	.00
9	The credit against New York	State separate	tax on	lump-sum dis	tributions may r	ot exceed:			
	(a) Amount from Form IT-230, line 3 that is subject to tax by both New York State and the above Canadian province \$ Amount from Form IT-230, \$.00 ×	New York State amount from Form IT-230,	\$	=	Credit allowable	9	.00
	line 3		100	line 24					
	(b) The credit allowed may r an amount less than wou (Tax Law section 603) ar	ıld be due if the	ordinary	/ income part	of a lump-sum d	istribution, sub	ject to tax by b	oth New York S	State
10	Resident credit claimed aga Enter the amount from lin						10		.00
	Individuals: Enter the lin	e 10 amount on	Form I	T-201-ATT, lii	ne 27, or Form I	T-203-ATT, line	e 26.		
	Fiduciaries: Subtract the line 10 amount from the separate tax on lump-sum distributions computed on Form IT-230, and include the net amount on Form IT-205, line 12.								
	If any portion of the Cana on your federal return in a back to your New York St	succeeding tax	year, th	ie amount cla	med here as a				

Submit this form, a copy of federal Form 1116, and a copy of federal Form 4972 with Form IT-201, IT-203, or IT-205. Failure to do so will delay any refund to which you may be entitled or, if you owe taxes, could result in late filing penalties.

