TAXABLE YEAR CALIFORNIA FORM

2024 Depreciation and Amortization

3885L

Name as shown on return					California Secretary of State (SOS) file number			
					I	FEIN		
Tangible and intangible assets placed in servic	e during the 2	024 taxable year:	Dep	reciation	of assets	Ar	nortization	of property
(a) Description of property	(b) Date placed in service (mm/dd/yyyy)	(c) Cost or other basis	(d) Method of figuring depreciation	(e) Life or rate	(f) Depreciation for this year	(g) Code section	(h) Period or percentage	(i) Amortization for this year
1								
1 Enter line 1, column (f) and column (i) tota	ıls			1				
Depreciation								
Be sure to make adjustments for any basis dif	ferences when	calculating depre	ciation.					
2 California depreciation for assets placed in	service beginn	ning before the 20)24 taxable y	/ear		2	·	
3 Total California depreciation. Add line 1(f)	totals and line	2				3	·	
Amortization								
Be sure to make adjustments for any basis dif								
4 California amortization for intangibles plac								
5 Total California amortization. Add line 1(i)								
6 Total depreciation and amortization. Add li							:	
if from a trade or business, or on federal F 7 IRC Section 179 expense deduction from I								
8 Carryover of disallowed deduction to 2025								
• Carryover of disallowed deduction to 2025	110111 11116 13 0	n the worksheel h	i iiio iiioiiuu	,		0		

What's New

Intangible Drilling and Development Costs – California law does not allow the IRC Section 263(c) deduction for intangible drilling and development costs in the case of oil and gas wells paid or incurred on or after January 1, 2024. For more information, see California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) Section 17260 (R&TC Section 24423 has been repealed).

Percentage Depletion – For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2024, California law does not allow the calculation of depletion as a percentage of gross income from the property for specified natural resources, including coal, oil shale, oil and gas wells. R&TC Sections 17681.3, 17681.6, 24831.3, and 24831.6 allowing state nonconformity to federal rules for percentage depletion of certain refiner exclusions as well as the temporary suspension of taxable income limit for marginal production have also been repealed. For more information, see R&TC Sections 17681 and 24831.

General Information

In general, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2015. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. When California conforms to federal tax law changes, we do not always adopt all of the changes made at the federal level. For more information, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **conformity**. Additional information can be found in FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments, the instructions for Schedule CA (540), California Adjustments - Residents, or Schedule CA (540NR), California Adjustments - Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents, and the Business Entity tax booklets.

The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most useful to the greatest number of taxpayers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the R&TC in the instructions. Taxpayers should not consider the instructions as authoritative law.

A Purpose

Use form FTB 3885L, Depreciation and Amortization, to compute depreciation and amortization allowed as a deduction on Form 568, Limited Liability Company Return of Income. Attach form FTB 3885L to Form 568.

Depreciation is the annual deduction allowed to recover the cost or other basis of business or income producing property with a determinable useful life of more than one year. Land is not depreciable.

Amortization is an amount deducted to recover the cost of certain capital expenses over a fixed period.

B Federal/State Calculation Differences

California law has not always conformed to federal law with regard to depreciation methods, special credits, or accelerated write-offs. Consequently, the recovery periods and the basis on which the depreciation is calculated may be different from the amounts used for federal purposes. Reportable differences may occur if all or part of your assets were placed in service:

 Before January 1, 1987: California disallowed depreciation under the federal Accelerated Cost Recovery System (ACRS). Continue to calculate California depreciation in the same manner as in prior years for those assets.

7651243 FTB 3885L 2024 **Side 1**

 On or after January 1, 1987: California provides special credits and accelerated write-offs that affect the California basis for qualifying assets. California does not conform to all the changes to federal law enacted in 1993. Therefore, the California basis or recovery periods may be different for some assets.

California law does not conform to the federal law for:

- IRC Section 168(k) relating to the depreciation deduction for certain assets.
- The enhanced IRC Section 179 expensing election.
- The expanded definition of IRC Section 179 property for certain depreciable tangible personal property related to furnishing lodging and for qualified real property for improvements to nonresidential real property.
- Federal modifications to amortization of research and experimental expenditures (IRC Section 174).

Additional differences may occur for the following:

 Luxury Automobile Depreciation: Sport utility vehicles and minivans built on a truck chassis are included in the definition of trucks and vans when applying the 6,000 pound gross weight limit. However, California does not conform to the federal modifications to depreciation limitations on luxury automobiles (IRC Section 280F).

Depreciation limitations placed in service in the calendar year 2024: For passenger automobiles (that are not trucks or vans)

Tax Year	Amount		
1st Tax Year	\$3,860		
2nd Tax Year	\$6,200		
3rd Tax Year	\$3,750		
Each Succeeding Year	\$2,275		

For trucks and vans

Tax Year	Amount		
1st Tax Year	\$4,360		
2nd Tax Year	\$7,000		
3rd Tax Year	\$4,150		
Each Succeeding Year	\$2,475		

For lease inclusion indexing amounts, go to **ftb.ca.gov/forms/search** and enter **lease inclusion**.

- Amortization of Certain Intangibles (IRC Section 197): Property
 classified as Section 197 property under federal law is also Section 197
 property for California purposes. There is no separate California election
 required or allowed. However, for Section 197 property acquired before
 January 1, 1994, the California adjusted basis as of January 1, 1994,
 must be amortized over the remaining federal amortization period.
- Grapevines Subject to Phylloxera or Pierce's Disease: For California purposes, replacement grapevines may be depreciated using a recovery period of five years instead of ten years.

This list is not intended to be all-inclusive of the federal and state differences. For additional information, refer to California's R&TC.

Specific Line Instructions

Line 1 – California depreciation for assets and amortization for intangibles placed in service during the 2024 taxable year.

Complete column (a) through column (i) for each asset or group of assets or property placed in service during the 2024 taxable year. Enter the column (f) totals on line 1(f). Enter the column (i) totals on line 1(i).

Line 2 – California depreciation for assets placed in service beginning before the 2024 taxable year.

Enter total California depreciation for assets placed in service beginning before the 2024 taxable year, taking into account any differences in asset basis or differences in California and federal tax law.

Line 4 – California amortization for intangibles placed in service beginning before the 2024 taxable year.

Enter total California amortization for intangibles placed in service beginning

before the 2024 taxable year, taking into account any differences in asset basis or differences in California and federal tax law.

Assets with a Federal Basis Different from California Basis Some assets placed in service on or after January 1, 1987, will have a different adjusted basis for California purposes due to the credits claimed or accelerated write-offs of the assets. Review the list of depreciation and amortization items in the instructions for Schedule CA (540) and Schedule CA (540NR). If the LLC has any other adjustments to make, get FTB Pub. 1001, for more information.

Line 6 – Total Depreciation and Amortization

Add line 3 and line 5. Enter the total on line 6 and on Form 568, Schedule B, line 17a.

If depreciation or amortization is from more than one trade or business activity, or from more than one rental real estate activity, the LLC should separately compute depreciation for each activity. Use the depreciation computed on this form to identify the net income for each activity. Report the net income from each activity on an attachment to Schedule K-1 (568), Member's Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc., for purposes of passive activity reporting requirements. **Use California amounts** to determine the depreciation amount to enter on line 14 of federal Form 8825, Rental Real Estate Income and Expenses of a Partnership or an S Corporation.

Line 7

Enter the IRC Section 179 expense deduction amount from line 12 of the following worksheet.

These limitations apply to the LLC and each member.

Floation to Evnance Cartain Tangible Dranauty (IDC Castion 470) Wardahaat									
Election to Expense Certain Tangible Property (IRC Section 179) Worksheet									
Follow the instructions on federal Form 4562, Depreciation and Amortization, for $$									
liste	listed property.								
1	Maximum dollar limitation								
2	Total cost of IRC Section 179 p	property placed in servi	ce						
	during the taxable year								
3	Threshold cost of IRC Section 179 property placed in service								
	during the taxable year								
4	Reduction in limitation. Subtract line 3 from line 2. If zero								
	or less, enter -0								
5	5 Dollar limitation for taxable year. Subtract line 4 from line 1.								
	If zero or less, enter -0		5						
(8	a) Description of property	(b) Cost	(c) Elected cost						
6		, ,	,						
7	Listed property. Use federal Fo	rm 4562. Part V. line 2	9.						
	Make adjustments for California law and basis differences 7								
8	Total elected cost of IRC Section 179 property. Add amounts								
	in column (c), line 6 and line 7								
9	Tentative deduction. Enter the smaller of line 5 or line 8 9								
10									
	instructions for line 10 through line 12 on federal								
	Form 4562		10						
11									
	aggregate of the LLC's items of income and expense								
	described in IRC Section 702(a) from any business actively								
	conducted by the LLC, other than credits, tax-exempt								
	IRC Section 179 expense deduction, and guaranteed								
	payments under IRC Section 707(c)								
12	. ,								
	but do not enter more than line 11. Enter on								
	Schedule K (568), line 12 and on form FTB 3885L, line 7 12								
13	Carryover of disallowed deduction to 2025. Add line 9 and								
	line 10 and subtract line 12. En	iter here and on form							
	FTB 3885L, line 8		13						